Bromsgrove District Council - Setting Quantity Standards

Field	Comment
National Standards	Details of any existing national standards for each typology usually provided by national organisations eg Fields in Trust (formally NPFA) for playing pitches
Current Provision (per 1,000 population)	This is the current provision in hectares per 1,000 population within the Local Authority area
Existing Local Standards	There maybe some existing local standards that will need to be taken into account and used as a guidance benchmark when setting new local standards
Benchmarking	These are figures detailing actual provision and local standards set by PMP within other green space and open space projects and provide another comparison benchmark when setting local standards for other local authorities.
Consultation (too much / about right / not enough)	Some statistical information that will come from the household questionnaire and needs to be applied and reported per analysis area to provide some detailed local analysis.
Consultation Comments (quantity)	A summary of reasons behind people's choices of whether they feel their provision is about right or not enough in some areas. PPG 17 indicates that where local provision is regarded as inadequate it is important to establish why this is the case. The feeling of deficiency can sometimes be due to qualitative issues of existing open space sites rather than actual quantity issues. Any other qualitative consultation / information that has been extracted on local needs in terms of quantity of provision e.g. from neighbourhood drop-in sessions and local strategic documents
PMP Recommendation	PMP recommendation of a local standard for discussion and approval by the client - standard should be in hectares per 1,000 population
PMP Justification	PMP reasoning and justification for the local standard that has been recommended

the provision of open space across the LDF period.

About Right / More than enough	50% or more residents satisfied – standard remains at current level
About Right / More than enough	40% or more residents satisfied – increase standard 2%
About Right / More than enough	30% or more residents satisfied – increase standard by 5%
About Right / More than enough	20% or more residents satisfied – increased standard by 10%
About Right / More than enough	10% or more residents satisfied – increase standard by 15%

	BROMSGROVE DISTRIC PROVISI	T COUNCIL			STANDA	RDS	
National Standards	No National Standards						
Current Provision hectares per 1,000 population (ha)	0.26 ha per 1000 population	on					
Existing Local Standards and strategic context	 privately owned open space Policy RAT6 refers to open hectares or above will be r should relate to the scale of Policy S48 protects historic adverse effect on the char Policy RAT4 covers the re privately owned open space Policy RAT6 refers to open 	ce of recreation n space within required to me of the develop c parks and g acter of and s tention of ope ce of recreation n space within required to me of the develop ey 2004	nal and ame housing de eet the minin oment. ardens from etting of hist n space, sta nal and ame housing de eet the minin oment.	enity value. velopments a num standard development toric parks an uting that the o enity value. velopments a num standard	and identifies for children' t, stating that d gardens w council will so and identifies for children'	that a housin 's play space t any develop ill not be perf eek to retain that a housin 's play space	
BENCHMARKING	Telford – 44% about right			st – 66% abou % about right		Shrewsbu	ury – 59% about right
DENCHMARKING	Ryedale – 60% about righ	Ryedale – 60% about right Wychavon – 70% about right		York – 60% about right (City), 46% about right (Local)			
	Analysis area	More than enough	About Right	Nearly Enough	Not Enough	No Opinion]
	Overall	3%	49%	18%	29%	1%	
Consultation (too much / about	Bromsgrove North	9%	52%	16%	21%	2%	
right / not enough)	Bromsgrove West	0%	62%	10%	24%	4%	
ight, het oneugh,					0.001	00/	1
	Bromsgrove East	0%	46%	18%	36%	0%	
		0% 2%	46%	18% 16%	36% 47%	3%	-

	Respondents to the household survey expressed an overall satisfaction with the provision of parks and gardens, with 52% of residents stating that provision is sufficient. However, 29% of residents indicated that provision was insufficient. This highlights the value of parks to residents. Findings within the individual analysis areas are consistent with the district wide results, with the majority of residents in four of the five analysis areas stating that provision is sufficient. The greatest level of dissatisfaction was portrayed in Bromsgrove North East, where the majority of residents indicate provision is insufficient (47%).
	14% of respondents to the IT Young People's Survey identified going to the local park as their favourite activity and
	33% of young people stated local parks are the place they meet their friends most often.
	38% of young people stated the provision of parks is sufficient. However, 29% of young people perceived the provision of parks to be insufficient.
Consultation Comments (quantity)	Drop in session attendees highlighted the value of parks and gardens in the district, identifying them as open spaces which are regularly used by residents. The provision of parks and gardens in Bromsgrove was perceived to be adequate by drop in session attendees.
	The provision of parks and gardens was perceived to be adequate by respondents to the elected members questionnaire. However, within the ward of Waseley it was stated that there are no parks or gardens in this area of the district.
	Despite some issues relating to quantity being identified, the majority of consultees focused on qualitative issues in relation to parks and gardens rather than quantitative issues.
PMP Recommendation (per 1,000 population)	0.26 ha per 1000 population
	Over half of the respondents to the household survey (52%) were satisfied with the current provision and parks and gardens. This highlights a high level of satisfaction with the current provision of this type of open space. Drop in session attendees and consultation with children and young people further reinforced this high level of satisfaction with the provision of parks and gardens.
PMP Justification	Local consultation focused on issues relating to quality rather than quantity of parks and gardens and therefore it is recommended that the local standard is set at the current level of provision. Setting the standard at the existing level of provision will allow the council to focus on enhancing the quality of existing parks and gardens in the district and combined with the application of the accessibility standard, will enable the identification of locational deficiencies.

	BROMSGROVE DISTRICT COUNCIL- SETTING QUANTITY STANDARDS PROVISION OF NATURAL AND SEMI-NATURAL
	English Nature Accessible Natural Greenspace Standard (ANGSt) recommends at least 2 ha of accessible natural greenspace per 1,000 people based on no-one living more than: 300m from nearest natural greenspace / 2km from a site of 20 ha / 5km from a site of 100 ha / 10km from a site of 500 ha
National Standards	English Nature Accessible Natural Greenspace Standard (ANGSt) recommends 1 ha of LNR per 1,000 population
	Rethinking Open Space Report - Average of all local authority applicable standards = 2 ha per 1,000 population - areas that promote biodiversity and nature conservation
Current Provision hectares per 1,000 population (ha)	0.43 ha per 1000 population
	Local Plan
	Policy RAT4 covers the retention of open space, stating that the council will seek to retain and enhance all public and privately owned open space of recreational and amenity value.
	Policy RAT6 refers to open space within housing developments and identifies that a housing development of over 0.4 hectares or above will be required to meet the minimum standard for children's play space. Other types of open space should relate to the scale of the development.
	Policy DS2 states that area designated as Green Belt will be protected from development except in special circumstances for the development of essential facilities for outdoor sport and recreation and cemeteries.
Existing Local Standards and	Policy DS9 identifies that development proposals in Landscape Protection Areas (LPAs) will be evaluated against their potential impact on the landscape, ecology or individual site. Permission will only be given where the impact on the landscape or ecological site will be negligible.
strategic context	Policy S35 identifies a number of conservation areas that will be considered for designation.
	Policies C9 and C10 protect SSSI's, NNR's, SWR's and LNR's from development. Any proposal which would destroy or adversely affect any of these sites will not be permitted.
	Policy C12 protects major wildlife corners from development.
	Policy C18 refers to woodland and states that the council will seek to retain and enhance existing woodland.
	Local Development Framework (LDF) – Core Strategy Newsletter
	The protection of the natural environment was perceived to be important by residents.
	Sustainability Appraisal Scoping Report
	Objectives of the strategy are to conserve and enhance the district's biodiversity and protect the countryside and green belt.

APPENDIX F – QUANTITY STANDARDS

BENCHMARKING	Telford – 44% about rig			Forest – 56%			Shrewsbury – 53% about right
BENGHMANING	Ryedale – 54% about r			avon – 46%			York – 44% about right
Consultation (too much / about right / not enough)							ion of natural and semi natural open gh/about right) and 52% insufficient.
	Bromsgrove Central	4%	36%	18%	39%	3%	
	one new open space th	the IT Young ney would like	People's . This was	Survey indic the second	most popul	lar respons	a new woodland area would be the se. ovision of publicly accessible natural
Consultation Comments (quantity)	and semi natural open residents referred to th General comments from open space. Specifical containing an area of g development of a crick remaining area of the s was also identified as h protecting natural and se	space. This ty e lack of publi m respondents ly, Centenary grassland, parl et pitch on this site, with this v naving high ec semi natural op emi natural op	vpe of ope cly access s to the ho Field in C kland and s site there voodland a cological v open space	n space was sible natural ousehold sur lent was hig woodland. A was conce area identifie alue, with m was further in the distric	s seen as in and semi n rvey focused hlighted as Although res ern with the ed as being uch wildlife r reinforced	nportant fo atural sites d on the pr a valuable sidents we threat of th particularl contained by attendo	r dog walkers and a number of

population)	
PMP Justification	A large proportion of respondents to the household survey were dissatisfied with the current provision of natural and semi natural open space (52%). Dissatisfaction with the current level of provision was further supported by elected members and drop in session attendees, who highlighted the need for the increased provision of this type of open space.
	In consideration of the high level of dissatisfaction with the current provision of natural and semi natural open space it is recommended that the local quantity standard is set slightly above the existing level of provision. This standard is reflective of the desire for increased provision and also considers the need to protect this type of open space.

	BROMSGROVE DIST	RICT COUNC				ANDARD	DS .
National Standards	The NPFA six acre sta					n space.	
Current Provision hectares per 1,000 population (ha)	0.34 ha per 1000 pop	ulation					
Existing Local Standards and strategic context	privately owned open s Policy RAT6 refers to c	space of recre open space wi be required to ale of the deve rove - a Loca	ational an thin housi meet the elopment. Il Agenda	d amenity va ng developn minimum sta 21 Action F	alue. nents and ic andard for c Plan for the	lentifies the children's p e District.	k to retain and enhance all public and at a housing development of over 0.4 play space. Other types of open space
BENCHMARKING	Telford – 32% not eno Ryedale – 40% not eno			Forest – 36% avon – 39%			Shrewsbury – 39% about right York – 39% about right
Consultation (too much / about right / not enough)	green space, with 56% sufficient. Analysis area Overall Bromsgrove North Bromsgrove West Bromsgrove East Bromsgrove North East Bromsgrove Central Findings within the ind indicating provision is i	More than Enough 2% 0% 2% 6% 2% 2% 2% ividual analysi nsufficient. Th rove North, wh	About Right 30% 43% 36% 22% 31% 28% s areas m re greates bere 43% of	Nearly Enough 25% 23% 25% 28% 11% 29% irror the ove t level of sat of residents	Not Enough 31% 26% 21% 30% 44% 30%	No Opinion 12% 8% 16% 14% 12% 11% with the m the prov	ith the current provision of amenity to 32% that stated provision was

Consultation Comments (quantity)	 35% of respondents to the Children's IT Survey identified they play at a grass area near the house most often, highlighting the value of local amenity green space to children. When asked about the quantity of grass areas near their home, the majority of children stated there are a lot (44%). However, 29% indicated that there are some but could be more. 37% of respondents to the IT Young People's Survey felt the provision of informal grass areas is sufficient. 14% of respondents stated provision is insufficient. A difference in opinion regarding the provision of amenity green space was highlighted by respondents to the elected members questionnaire. Within the ward of Hagley it was indicated that there was no amenity green space, however in the ward of Drakes Cross and Walkers Heath, provision was perceived to be more than adequate.
PMP Recommendation (per 1,000 population)	0.35 ha per 1000 population
PMP Justification	Respondents to the Children's IT Survey highlighted the importance of open space to their age group, with 35% of respondents stating they play at an amenity green space site most often. With regard to the current provision of amenity green space, 56% of respondents to the household survey indicated provision was insufficient and 29% of respondents to the Children's IT Survey felt that although there were some amenity green spaces there could be more. This highlights a significant level of dissatisfaction with the current provision of this type of open space. Due to the importance of amenity green space providing local informal recreation opportunities to children and the level of dissatisfaction with the current level of provision, it is recommended that the local quantity standard is set above the existing level of provision. Combined with the application of the accessibility standard, this will enable the identification of deficiencies within the District. As well as provide informal recreation opportunities, amenity green space can have an important landscaping function.

	BROMSROVE DISTRICT COUNCIL- SETTING QUANTITY STANDARDS PROVISION OF PLAY AREAS FOR CHILDREN
	Fields in Trust (NPFA) - 6 acre standard (2.43 ha) per 1,000 population for 'playing space' consisting of 2 acres (ie 0.81 ha per 1,000 population) for children's playing space - includes areas designated for children and young people and casual or informal playing space within housing areas
National Standards	Fields in Trust (NPFA) - in the past some local authorities have added 1 acre (0.4ha) arbitrary to cover 'amenity areas' and 'leisure areas' or something similar that mat not be covered within the NPFA standard. In almost all cases, this additional requirement is intended for residential areas and does not cover open spaces such as parks or allotments
	1) LAPs - aged 4-6; 1 min walk or 100m (60m in a straight line); min area size 100msq; LAPs typically have no play equipment and therefore could be considered as amenity greenspace
	(2) LEAPs - aged min 5; min area size 400msq; should be located 400 metres or 5 minutes walking time along pedestrian routes (240 metres in a straight line).
Current Provision hectares per 1,000 population (ha)	0.027 ha per 1000 population
	Local Plan
	Policy RAT4 covers the retention of open space, stating that the council will seek to retain and enhance all public and privately owned open space of recreational and amenity value.
	Policy RAT5 states that the council will seek the provision of play space across the district in accordance with its standards of 0.2 – 0.3 hectares per 1000 population of equipped play areas.
	Policy RAT6 refers to open space within housing developments and identifies that a housing development of over 0.4 hectares or above will be required to meet the minimum standard for children's play space. Other types of open space should relate to the scale of the development.
Existing Local Standards and strategic context	Worcestershire Play Strategy 2007 – 2010
	 The values underpinning the strategy are: to contribute to the five outcomes for children and young people: being healthy; staying safe; enjoying and achieving; making a positive contribution; achieving economic well being to recognise the importance of play for children and their families both in its own right and in relation to wider agendas such as health, social inclusion and community safety to be prepared to offer challenge, whilst managing risk to acknowledge that every child needs and has the right to play and that play is an essential part of growing up.

	 The four outcomes of the strategy are: children and young people to have increased opportunity to access and enjoy a variety of play increased inclusive play opportunities a greater understanding of the importance of play children and young people are involved in the design and delivery of play. 						
BENCHMARKING	Telford – 46% not enou Ryedale – 39% not eno			Forest - 34% avon – 39%			Shrewsbury – 35% about right York – 38% not enough
		the househole	d survey i	ndicated that	t the provisi	on of child	ren's play areas was insufficient, ovision was sufficient.
	Overall	4%	32%	22%	36%	6%	
	Bromsgrove North	7%	32%	22%	32%	7%	
	Bromsgrove West	4%	44%	23%	21%	8%	
	Bromsgrove East	7%	32%	27%	29%	5%	
onsultation (too much / about ght / not enough)	Bromsgrove North East	4%	25%	12%	54%	5%	
	Bromsgrove Central	4%	30%	24%	36%	6%	
	Findings across the geographical areas support the overall results within the majority of residents in each area indicating provision is insufficient. The greatest level of dissatisfaction with the provision of children's play areas was portrayed in Bromsgrove North East, where 66% of residents stated provision was insufficient. Residents living in Bromsgrove West exhibited the highest levels of satisfaction (48%). When analysing the responses given by young respondents to the household survey a clear level of dissatisfaction is evident, with 85% of respondents aged under 16 stating that the current provision of children's play areas is insufficient.						
Consultation Comments quantity)	could do with more. 43 identified play areas as This may arise for a nu	% of children their favourit mber of reasc ees felt that al	identified e open sp ons. though the	the provisior ace. This su ere was a go	n of play are ggests that bod level of	eas as suffi there are v provision o	ome play areas near their home they icient. However, only 8% of children variations in the opinion of children. contained within larger facilities, such ct.

	General comments by respondents to the household survey supported the perceived lack of facilities for children. In particularly, a number of residents highlighted the need for increased provision within Alvechurch, Wythall and Stoke Heath. Residents further stated that not all children were provided for, emphasising that there was a lack of facilities for older children (ages 10+). This crosses over with opinions expressed in relation to provision for young people. Respondents to the Elected Members questionnaire stated that the provision of children's play areas was insufficient to meet demand. Elected members identified that although there are some play areas there is a requirement for more. Both quantitative and qualitative comments were received throughout consultation, however more emphasis was placed on the quantity rather than quality of children's play areas.
PMP Recommendation (per 1,000 population)	0.027 ha per 1000 population
	A high level of dissatisfaction with the current provision of children's play areas was evident throughout the programme of local consultation. 58% of overall respondents to the household survey, together with 85% of those under 16 years, stated that existing provision was insufficient. In addition 45% of respondents to the Children's IT Survey highlighted the need for more children's play facilities.
PMP Justification	Further research into the reasons behind the dissatisfaction indicated that perceptions on the quantity of provision were mixed with those on the quality. The recent Council policy is to provide larger, higher quality facilities in strategic locations and to move away from low quality, small facilities which experience limited use. In light of this, the standard has been set at the existing level of provision. Setting the standard at this level will still highlight the need for additional facilities in some areas and when combined with the application of the accessibility standard enable identification of localised deficiencies. It was also enable the achievement of the goal of providing higher quality strategically located sites which are of the quality that residents aspire to.

	BROMSGROVE DISTRICT COUNCIL- SETTING QUANTITY STANDARDS PROVISION FOR YOUNG PEOPLE
National Standards	 Fields in Trust (NPFA) - 6 acre standard (2.43 ha) per 1,000 population for 'playing space' consisting of 2 acres (ie 0.81 ha per 1,000 population) for children's playing space - includes areas designated for children and young people and casual or informal playing space within housing areas. Fields in Trust (NPFA) - in the past some local authorities have added 1 acre (0.4 ha) arbitrary to cover 'amenity areas' and 'leisure areas' or something similar that mat not be covered within the NPFA standard. In almost all cases, this additional requirement is intended for residential areas and does not cover open spaces such as parks or allotments (2) LEAPs - aged min 5; min area size 400msq; should be located 400 metres or 5 minutes walking time along
Current Provision hectares per 1,000 population (ha)	pedestrian routes (240 metres in a straight line). 0.026 ha per 1000 population
	 Local Plan Policy RAT4 covers the retention of open space, stating that the council will seek to retain and enhance all public and privately owned open space of recreational and amenity value. Policy RAT6 refers to open space within housing developments and identifies that a housing development of over 0.4 hectares or above will be required to meet the minimum standard for children's play space. Other types of open space should relate to the scale of the development. Worcestershire Play Strategy 2007 – 2010
Existing Local Standards and strategic context	 The values underpinning the strategy are: to contribute to the five outcomes for children and young people: being healthy; staying safe; enjoying and achieving; making a positive contribution; achieving economic well being to recognise the importance of play for children and their families both in its own right and in relation to wider agendas such as health, social inclusion and community safety to be prepared to offer challenge, whilst managing risk to acknowledge that every child needs and has the right to play and that play is an essential part of growing up.
	 The four outcomes of the strategy are: children and young people to have increased opportunity to access and enjoy a variety of play increased inclusive play opportunities a greater understanding of the importance of play children and young people are involved in the design and delivery of play.

BENCHMARKING	Telford – 65% not eno			Forest – 65%			Shrewsbury – 57% not enough
BENGHMANKING	Ryedale – 51% not en			avon – 62%			York – 59% not enough
	young people is insuffi are insufficient facilities	cient. Only 13 s in Bromsgrov of open space	% of respo ve. The hip in the dis	ondents state gh level of d trict. Some o	ed provisior issatisfactio comments r	n was suffi on with provinade in rel	%) feel the provision of open space cient, supporting the view that there vision for young people is the most lation to the provision for children, this perception.
	Analysis area	More than enough	About Right	Nearly Enough	Not Enough	No Opinion	
	Overall	3%	10%	11%	65%	7%	
	Bromsgrove North	7%	9%	16%	59%	9%	
Consultation (too much / about	Bromsgrove West	2%	12%	10%	72%	4%	
right / not enough)	Bromsgrove East	5%	9%	7%	74%	5%	
	Bromsgrove North East	0%	12%	7%	77%	4%	
	Bromsgrove Central	3%	8%	12%	68%	9%	
							rvey a clear level of dissatisfaction is oung people's facilities is poor.
	there could be more. 1	8% of young provision for y	people sta voung peo	ted that ther ple in Broms	e are no fac sgrove. The	cilities whe	me facilities for young people but re they live. This supports the of a new skatepark was highlighted a
Consultation Comments (quantity)	residents highlighted the people in Wythall. Althe they highlighted the im	ne lack of prov ough residents portance of pr re youth clubs	rision in th s stated th oviding a offering a	e area and s ere was a n range of act range of act	specifically i eed to incre ivities for th	t was state ease the pr is age grou	theme at drop in sessions. Many ed that there was no facility for young ovision of facilities for young people, up. Specifically it was suggested that le, teen shelters were also referred t
	General comments fro	m respondent	s to the ho	usehold sur	way furthar	reinforced	the lack of provision for young peop

	Alvechurch and Hagley. Elected member respondents emphasised that there are a lack of facilities for young people. It was stated that within the ward of Hagley, the Parish Council was seeking funding to provide a facility for young people.
PMP Recommendation (per 1,000	0.030 ha per 1000 population
population)	
PMP Justification	The lack of provision for young people was the deficiency most strongly identified across all typologies. 76% of overall household survey respondents and 77% of those under the age of 16 stated that current provision was insufficient. 30% of respondents to the Young People's IT Survey highlighted the need for increased provision and this was also a recurring theme at community drop in sessions.
	In light of the above the local quantity standard has been set above the existing level of provision. Setting the standard at this level is reflective of the high level of dissatisfaction expressed throughout the consultation and will allow the Council to focus on increasing provision for young people in the District. It will be essential to ensure that a range of facilities is provided to best meet local need.

	BROMSGROVE DISTRICT COUNCIL- SETTING QUANTITY STANDARDS OUTDOOR SPORTS FACILITIES
National Standards	Fields in Trust (formally known as NPFA) - 6 acre standard (2.43 ha) per 1,000 population for 'playing space' consisting of 4 acres (i.e. 1.62 per 1,000 population) for outdoor sport - includes pitches, athletics tracks, bowling greens, tennis courts, training areas and croquet lawns.
	Local Plan
	Policy RAT4 covers the retention of open space, stating that the council will seek to retain and enhance all public and privately owned open space of recreational and amenity value.
	Policy RAT5 states that the council will seek the provision of play space across the district in accordance with its standards of 1.2 hectares per 1000 population of sports pitches.
	Policy RAT6 refers to open space within housing developments and identifies that a housing development of over 0.4 hectares or above will be required to meet the minimum standard for children's play space. Other types of open space should relate to the scale of the development.
	Policy S31 protects school sports facilities from development stating that development proposals at educational sites which result in the loss of open space and/or sports facilities will not be permitted.
Existing Local Standards and	Policy S32 refers to sports pitches of all ownership and identifies that proposals leading to the loss of private playing fields, school playing fields and other public or private sports facilities will not be permitted unless:
strategic context	there is sufficient provision of playing fields (council standard)
	there is alternative local provision
	there is an alternative replacement site that could be provided in a suitable location
	the scheme would lead to an improvement in the facilities elsewhere available on site.
	Policy RAT1 refers to development in the Green Belt for outdoor sport or recreation stating it will be directed to areas of low quality agricultural land.
	Policy RAT2 supports the development of outdoor sport and recreation facilities in the Green Belt as long as: the development is within a reasonable walking distance of public transport, there is adequate car parking, the development does not have an adverse impact on ecological or environmental interests or an unrelieved concentration of pitches is created.

	Policy RAT8 states that the cou	ncil will seek the provision of dual use sc	hool sports facilities where:
	the proposed scheme c	an meet demand	
	there is adequate car pa	arking	
	the site is accessible by	public and private transport	
	external floodlighting an	d increased vehicle movement do not af	fect residential areas.
		velopment of golf courses will be conside	
	Worcestershire Playing Pitch		
		Bromsgrove is 1:1165. This is significant	
		ortfall of 13.6 junior football pitches, 8.5 ections, there will also be a small shortfa	junior rugby pitches and 4.9 hockey pitches. Il of cricket pitches (0.4) by 2009.
Current Provision hectares per 1,000 population (ha)	1.66 ha per 1000 population		
	Grass Pitches:	Synthetic Turf Pitches:	Tennis Courts:
	7% more than enough	2% more than enough	3% more than enough
	36% about right	21% about right	23% about right
	12% nearly enough	7% nearly enough	12% nearly enough
	28% not enough	35% not enough	42% not enough
	17% no opinion	34% no opinion	20% no opinion
Consultation (too much / about right / not enough)	Bowling Greens:	Golf Courses:	Athletics:
	4% more than enough	9% more than enough	2% more than enough
	26% about right	41% about right	16% about right
	10% nearly enough	10% nearly enough	12% nearly enough
	28% not enough	14% not enough	38% not enough
	32% no opinion	26% no opinion	32% no opinion

APPENDIX F – QUANTITY STANDARDS

Consultation Comments	Grass Pitches: Findings within four of the five individual analysis areas indicate the provision of grass pitches is sufficient. However, residents in Bromsgrove Central feel provision is insufficient (47%).	Synthetic Turf Pitches: Results from the individual analysis areas support the perception that there is not enough provision of synthetic turf pitches. However, the majority of residents in Bromsgrove North East indicate the provision of synthetic turf pitches is sufficient (50%).	Tennis Courts: The majority of residents in four of the five analysis areas indicate the provision of tennis courts is insufficient. Only residents in Bromsgrove North East feel the provision of tennis courts is sufficient (54%).
	Bowling Greens: Within the analysis areas there is a clear perception of insufficient provision in all areas except Bromsgrove North East. The greatest level of dissatisfaction is portrayed in Bromsgrove East, where 53% of respondents stated provision was insufficient.	Golf Courses: The majority of respondents in four of the five analysis area felt the provision of golf courses is sufficient. However, residents in Bromsgrove East stated provision was insufficient (43%).	Athletics: Results within the geographical areas support the district wide perception of insufficient provision, with the majority of residents in each analysis area indicating provision is insufficient. The greatest level of dissatisfaction is portrayed in Bromsgrove North East, where 62% of residents state provision is insufficient.
Consultation Comments (quantity)	 variety of different facilities including gr be applied for broad planning need only Of the six facility types surveyed, dissa bowling greens and athletics. However be sufficient. The greatest level of dissa indicating that provision is insufficient. Across the individual analysis areas res with the provision of synthetic turf pitch grass pitches and golf courses was fou Residents in Bromsgrove North also sh bowling greens, synthetic turf pitches a 	tisfaction was shown with the provision of , the quantity of grass pitches (43%) and atisfaction was shown with the provision sidents in Bromsgrove North East portrages, tennis courts and bowling greens. The nd in Bromsgrove North. howed the greatest level of dissatisfaction and golf courses.	eens. This means the standards should of synthetic turf pitches, tennis courts, golf courses (50%) was perceived to of tennis courts, with 54% of residents yed the greatest level of satisfaction he greatest level of satisfaction with h with the provision of tennis courts,

	 A large proportion of young people (86%) stated that they participate in sport. Of these people, swimming (30%), football (25%) and cricket (20%) were identified as the sports they participate in most. Levels of regular participation in sport for young people were encouraging with the majority of young people participating in sport two to three times a week (40%) and 38% participating more than three times a week. This suggests there is a good level of participation in sport by young people in Bromsgrove. These findings reinforce the need to ensure that adequate facilities are provided, particularly in light of the relationship between participation in sport and physical activity and health. 38% of young people identified the provision of outdoor sports facilities in Bromsgrove as insufficient. Sports pitches were highlighted as the second most popular facility for young people in Bromsgrove (16%). Attendees at the BECAN discussion session highlighted a lack of publicly accessible synthetic turf pitches in Bromsgrove. It was indicated that there are only two publicly accessible sites (Woodrush and Bromsgrove High School) and that these sites only offer community access after 6pm. This reinforces the findings of the household survey. Attendees at the sports club discussion session emphasised a lack of grass pitches in the area, contradicting the findings from the household survey. It was highlighted that six football pitches had been lost in recent years and that around 80% of league teams have to travel outside of the District to access a pitch. Droitwich Leisure Centre football pitches were identified as pitches that were used by many clubs in the football league.
PMP Recommendation (per 1000	 pitches were identified as pitches that were used by many clubs in the football league. Elected member consultees highlighted the limited provision of outdoor sports facilities in Bromsgrove. Many elected members stated that provision was insufficient and that the majority of facilities were located on school sites. 1.67 ha per 1000 population of which 0.96 ha should be dedicated to community pitches
population)	1.07 ha per 1000 population of which 0.30 ha should be dedicated to community pitches

PMP Justification	Overall there is general dissatisfaction with the current level of provision, with respondents to the household survey indicating there is insufficient provision of four of the six outdoor sports facility types. General comments from residents further emphasised a lack of outdoor sports facilities in Bromsgrove. Attendees at the sports club workshop highlighted a lack of grass pitches in the District, stating that six sites have been lost to development in recent years and that around 80% of clubs in the football league have to travel outside Bromsgrove to access a football pitch. Application of the playing pitch methodology highlights that while there are sufficient adult football pitches to meet demand, there are shortfalls in cricket and rugby pitches. 0.81 ha per 1000 will be sufficient to meet projected demand as well as provide a 10% strategic reserve allowing the rest and recovery of pitches.
	In light of the above evidence it is recommended that the local standard is set above the existing level of provision. Setting the standard above the existing level of provision will enable the Council to identify any areas deficient in the provision of outdoor sports facilities and, combined with the application of the accessibility standard, enable the identification of locational deficiencies as well as the provision of new facilities to meet increased demand.

	BROMSGROVE DISTRICT COUNCIL- PROVISION OF		RDS
National Standards	National Society of Allotment and Leisure per 2,200 people (2.2 people per house) of this equates to 0.125 ha per 1,000 popula 1970 Thorpe Report suggested 0.2 ha pe	or 1 allotment plot per 200 people. Wit ation	
Current Provision hectares per 1,000 population (ha)	0.17 ha per 10000 population		
	Local Plan		
	Policy RAT4 covers the retention of open privately owned open space of recreations		ek to retain and enhance all public and
	Policy RAT6 refers to open space within h hectares or above will be required to mee should relate to the scale of the developm	et the minimum standard for children's	
	Policy RAT9 protects allotment site from or demonstrated that demand does not justif		
Existing Local Standards and	Blueprint for Bromsgrove - a Local Age	enda 21 Action Plan for the District	
strategic context	An objective of the open space, countrysic	ide and wildlife theme is to ensure allo	tment land remains in leisure use.
	Current allotment waiting lists: Newton Rd - 5 Watt Close - 7 Pool furlong - 7 Rigby Lane - 38 Stoke Rd - 38 Roundhill - 20 Stoneybridge - 8 Stourbridge - 23		
BENCHMARKING	Telford – 35% not enough V	Wyre Forest – 66% not enough	Shrewsbury – 28% about right
	Ryedale – 28% about right V	Nychavon – 31% about right	York – 36% about right

	Analysis area	More than Enough	About Right	Nearly Enough	Not Enough	No Opinion	
	Overall	2%	24%	11%	36%	27%	
	Bromsgrove North	0%	21%	17%	36%	26%	
	Bromsgrove West	4%	27%	18%	31%	20%	
Consultation (too much / about	Bromsgrove East	0%	7%	0%	71%	22%	
right / not enough)	Bromsgrove North East	2%	30%	9%	30%	29%	
с с,	Bromsgrove Central	2%	25%	11%	32%	30%	
	far greater level of dissatis	faction, with 71 there are waiti llotments (38)	1% of resid ng lists at	dents stating all council o	ı provision v wned allotm	vas insufficienter in the neuronal strategy termination of the second strategy termination of termination of termination	district. The largest waiting lists
	development and highlight	nts from respo ed the commu as a lack of all	ndents to nity benefi otments in	the househo its this type of Bromsgrove	old survey e of open spa e, particular	mphasised ce provides	the need to protect allotments from The general consensus from urch. Many residents commented
Consultation comments (quantity)	comments regarding the q at a number of sites in Bro waiting lists and unusable	uantity of allotr msgrove they allotment plots correction of wa	ments wer stated tha was a ke aiting lists	e received. / t plots were y issue. Mar	Although all available or iy attendees	otment user their sites. s stated that	allotments, however, a number of s were aware of large waiting lists It was perceived that inaccurate much of the current waiting lists . This indicates that issues are no
	A lack of provision of allotr	nents was evid	lent from r	espondents	to the elect	ed members	s questionnaire.
PMP Recommendation (per 1,000 population)	0.19 ha per 1000 popul			•			L
PMP Justification		Clear levels of	f dissatisfa	ction with th	le current p	rovision of a	mand for increased provision of llotments were evident throughout istrict.
							on increasing provision in areas c a key theme raised by allotments

	BROMSGROVE DIST	RICT COUN			NTITY ST	ANDARDS	
National Standards	None.						
Existing local and strategic context	privately owned open Policy RAT6 refers to	space of recre open space wi be required to	ational an ithin housi meet the	d amenity va ng developn	alue. nents and ic	lentifies that	o retain and enhance all public and a housing development of over 0.4 y space. Other types of open spac
	provision is sufficient.	More than Enough	About Right	Nearly Enough	Not Enough	No Opinion	e insufficient. 27% of residents fee
	Overall	2%	25%	18%	34%	21%	
Consultation (too much / about	Bromsgrove North	0%	22%	19%	32%	27%	
right / not enough)	Bromsgrove West	2%	30%	18%	18%	32%	
	Bromsgrove East	0%	32%	18%	29%	21%	
	Bromsgrove North East	0%	23%	11%	38%	29%	
	Bromsgrove Central	3%	24%	19%	38%	16%	
PMP Justification	in each analysis areas	stating provision	on is insuff ces, PPG1	icient. 7 recomme	nds that it is	inappropriat	sults, with the majority of residents te to set local quantity standards. I

		T COUNCIL- GREEN CO					
National Standards	None.						
Existing local and strategic context	Privately owned open space Policy RAT6 refers to oper	e of recreation space within equired to mee	hal and am housing de et the mini	nenity value. evelopments	s and identif	fies that a ho	tain and enhance all public ousing development of ove bace. Other types of open s
	Overall, 56% of responder the provision of green corr			reen corrido	rs is insuffic	ient. Howev	ver, 39% of residents indica
	Analysis area	More than	About	Nearly	Not	No	1
	Analysis area	More than Enough	About Right	Enough	Enough	Opinion	
	Analysis area Overall	More than Enough 2%	About Right 37%	Enough 22%	Enough 34%	Opinion 5%	-
	Analysis area Overall Bromsgrove North	More thanEnough2%2%	About Right 37% 33%	Enough 22% 24%	Enough 34% 31%	Opinion 5% 10%	-
	Analysis area Overall Bromsgrove North Bromsgrove West	More than Enough2%2%2%2%	About Right 37% 33% 34%	Enough 22% 24% 22%	Enough 34% 31% 36%	Opinion 5% 10% 6%	
	Analysis area Overall Bromsgrove North Bromsgrove West Bromsgrove East	More thanEnough2%2%	About Right 37% 33%	Enough 22% 24%	Enough 34% 31%	Opinion 5% 10%	
	Analysis area Overall Bromsgrove North Bromsgrove West Bromsgrove East Bromsgrove North East	More than Enough2%2%2%5%	About Right 37% 33% 34% 36%	Enough 22% 24% 22% 16%	Enough 34% 31% 36% 33%	Opinion 5% 10% 6% 10%	
Consultation (too much / about right / not enough)	Analysis area Overall Bromsgrove North Bromsgrove West Bromsgrove East Bromsgrove North East Bromsgrove Central	More than Enough2%2%2%5%0%2%reas residents	About Right 37% 33% 34% 36% 33% 39%	Enough 22% 24% 22% 16% 28% 28% 22%	Enough 34% 31% 36% 33% 37% 33%	Opinion 5% 10% 6% 10% 2% 4%	esidents in each analysis a